

# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 30.

VICTORIA, B.C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1899.

NO. 56.

## We Believe In Expansion

Of our stock of ready-made houses we are not bothering at present over the question of the expense of expansion. We have no desire to be limited in our activities, and we are not bound by the desire to be limited. We are expanding, our sole object being the direction of acquiring beautiful new things in Watch and Jewelry; we have been seeking "new markets" and we invite the public to inspect the result of our gatherings.

**Challoner & Mitchell,**

47 Government Street. Phone 675. JEWELLERS.

## The Hutcheson Co., Ltd

Newest Styles in Fans and Evening Gloves

IF YOU ARE GOING TO THE BALL?

CALL AND SEE US FOR NOVELTIES.

The Latest Designs in Capes and Wraps

NEW GOODS JUST IN TIME FOR THE COMING BALLS

## Economy is Wealth.



There is nothing like saving the small amounts.

Your savings by buying your groceries from us will soon amount to a snug little sum.

QUAKER OATS 2 pks for 25c  
BREAKFAST GEM 2 pks for 25c  
GERMEA 4 lb. pkgs. 25c  
New American Rolled Oats. 7 lbs for 25c  
FLAKE BARLEY 4 lbs for 25c  
CORNMEAL 10 lbs for 25c

**DIXI H. ROSS & Co.**

Demanding the Best

The most progressive builders demand the best materials for their work. They know we give them the best goods and make the prices right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show they value our methods by coming to us.

**Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.**

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.

**Picture Frames**

OF ALL KINDS IN STOCK AND MADE TO ORDER  
AT LOWEST PRICES.

**J. W. MELLOR,** 76-78 FORT ST.

Flour Sacks For Sale.

50 lbs. Sacks, 25c per doz. 500 lbs. sacks, 50 cts. per doz., either jute or cotton. At  
**M. R. SMITH & CO.** FORT STREET.

**Lee & Fraser,**  
Real Estate and Insurance Agents

\$3,200 WILL PURCHASE one of the finest cottages in James Bay - 7 rooms, electric light, in splendid condition, lot 60x66.  
\$2,200 NINE-ROOMED BRICK HOUSE, with modern conveniences - a snap.

9 and 11 Trounce Ave., Victoria, B.C.

## FARM FOR SALE--CHEAP

500 ACRES in plots to suit 100 acres under cultivation. Easy terms. Apply to A. GLENDENNING, on the premises, or B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED.

### FOR SALE CHEAP.

Lot and cottage, Oak Bay avenue, only \$450. Lot and cottage, Fernwood road, \$1,300. 2 lots and cottage, Fernwood road, \$1,300. Lot, 50x180, with 6 roomed cottage, bath, etc., stable, fruit trees; this is a bargain for you; call and get particulars. Lot and cottage, good location, only \$800. Lot and house, North Park street, for \$1,000. Lot and cottage, Niagara street, cheap, \$1,000. A new modern house, North Park, \$1,200, good buy. Lot and cottage, David street, very easy terms, 1/4 acres, with 1 roomed house, north one, can be bought cheap, on easy terms, 1/4 acres, with 1 roomed modern house, stable, etc., a dream situation, cheap, and easy terms. Also several large building sites at prices to suit. Cash. Write. Fire and Life Insurance. Come to headquarters before calling. P. C. MACGREGOR, 82 Government street.

**CANADA LIFE**

ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847

Canada's Oldest and Strongest Company

OFFERS

LOWEST PREMIUMS,  
GREATEST PROFITS,  
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

A. W. JONES, Agent.

**F.G. Richards & Co**

Real Estate, Financial and  
Insurance Agents.

NO. 15 BROAD STREET

We are offering bargains in residential sites for building, business properties, and farming lands. Prices low and terms easy. Inspect our lists before purchasing elsewhere. It will pay you.

General Agents Phoenix Fire of Hartford.

Money to loan in sums to suit, at low rates of interest.

Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., LTD.

NANAIMO, B.C.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.

—

Coal Mined by White Labor.

—

New Wellington Coal

—

JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist,

N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets

— Let Us Fill Your Prescription —

**KINGHAM & CO.,**

44 Fort Street.

J. E. CHURCH. J. C. V. SPRATT.

Trounce Avenue. Yates and Store Sts.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.

Cor. Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

FLINT & CO., Broad St.

Telephone Call 647.

Wharf - Store Street. Spratt's Wharf.

AUCTION

SHORT NOTICE SALE.

At No. 40, First Street, Work Estate, Friday, November 10th, at 2 p.m.

Upholstered chairs, sofa, fine bed lounge, ex. table, carpets, matting, oil-cloth, crockery, cook stove, garden tools, bed-room suits, extra good and well made box and other mattresses, pictures, blinds, delivery cart and harness and bicycle, etc. Terms cash.

W. JONES, Auction.

**WET WEATHER FOOTWEAR**

RUBBER - SOLE BOOTS

FOR LADIES AND GENTS.

Ladies' Cotskin (water-proof) Laced Boot (American).

Ladies' Chrome Kid-lined (waterproof) Laced Boots (American).

Sizes 5 to 7. Widths A to E

OUR BOYS' AND GIRLS'

STEEL-CLAD SCHOOL BOOTS

ARE UNQUELLED.

**The Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.**

35 Johnson Street.

## BOMBARDMENT CONTINUES

Big Guns Are Fired Daily on Ladysmith, but Little Damage is Being Done.

## GENERAL BULLER CHANGES HIS PLANS

Will Send a Large Force to Relieve White Boers Preparing For Strong Attack on the Position - Fighting in Rhodesia.

(Associated Press)

London, Nov. 10.—With the arrival at

Capetown of the British transports Rusty Castle and Moor to be followed by a continuous succession of troop-ships, the real campaign in South Africa may be said to have commenced, and the fact that the former was ordered to proceed to Durban forthwith is said to indicate either an entire change, or at least a modification, in the plan of advance.

It seems that General Buller's first move will be to free General White. That is departing somewhat from the earlier plan credited to him of advancing through the level country of the Orange Free State and Southwestern Transvaal.

Situation at Ladysmith.

It has been apparent for some days that the situation at Ladysmith could not be indefinitely prolonged, and it is understood information has reached the government that the quiescence of the Boers will shortly be changed by the arrival of the siege train from Pretoria into a determined attempt to deliver a telling stroke.

A Counter Stroke.

This, it is added, is leading Gen. Buller to prepare a counter stroke and endeavor to push the Boers back by a direct attack.

Such an operation if attempted, will

New Advertisements on Page 8.

## Novelties

Latest styles, personally selected, just received.

Best products of Europe and America now on exhibition in Hats, Neckwear, Shirts, Umbrellas, Mufflers and Winter Underwear.

News by Rev. Mr. Martin, a Dutch clergymen with the Boers.

"Directly after the first cannon shot the English thought our men were at the railway station and fired there. They were not, but one of the shots went through an ambulance. As soon as they found their mistake they ceased firing. The ambulance, in accordance with usage, should have been three miles from the field of battle, so the ambulance cannot claim the English broke the usages of civilized warfare, but I do not think the English would have

Sea & Gowen,

GENTS' FURNISHERS.

89 DOUGLAS STREET.

ODDFELLOWS' BLOCK

COAL AND WOOD — Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinton & Oddy's, telephone 481.

**HOODE'S  
DUFFERIN  
Cigarettes**

MANUFACTURED BY

**B. Houde & Co., Quebec.**

Are Better than the Best.

Wholesale at B.C. Jobbing Co., 31 Store Street, Victoria.

fired on them had they known this. It was unintentional.

Fighting in Rhodesia.

London, Nov. 10.—The Boers issued the following:

"From Bulwer, Capetown, 1:30 p.m., by message from Bulawayo, dated November 9th.

A small convoy and escort, under Spreckley, of Plummer's force, was attacked by Boers on November 2nd. Six men are missing.

**BOMBARDMENT OF LADYSMITH.**

Little Damage Being Done by Boer Guns—Firing on the White Flag—Strengthening Entrenchments.

London, Nov. 10.—The British war office has received from General Buller the following dispatch:

"Capetown, Thursday evening, Nov. 9.—I have received, by pigeon from Gen. White to-day, the following:

"The bombardment at long range by heavy guns continues daily.

"A few casualties are occurring, but no serious harm is being done.

"The Boers sent to-day a number of refugees from the Transvaal under a flag of truce. A flag of truce from Ladysmith met them outside the pickets. When the party separated, the Boers fired on it before it reached our pickets.

"Major Gale, Royal Engineers, was wounded to-day while sending a message.

"The entrenchments are daily growing stronger and the supply of provisions is ample."

**UNCONFIRMED RUMOR**

From Amsterdam Says Six Hundred British Soldiers Were Killed or Wounded on Friday.

(Associated Press)

London, Nov. 10.—Another rumor emanating from Amsterdam sources says that a British regiment was decimated on Friday by Free State.

It is added that six hundred of the British soldiers were killed and that three hundred horses were captured.

The Prince Reviews Cavalry.

London, Nov. 10.—The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Cambridge and Lord Wodehouse reviewed three squadrons of Household Cavalry at Albany barracks this afternoon, previous to their departure for South Africa. The Prince of Wales and party were greeted with a royal salute.

After the parade the Prince congratulated the troops. He said he was proud to be their honorary colonel, and was convinced they would give a good account of themselves and, he added, his heart would be with them across the sea. His Royal Highness also wished the soldiers a safe return.

Munich, Nov. 10.—In the chamber of representatives to-day, the prussian Baron Von Craufeldt, condemned the strong language employed by certain deputies concerning British action in the Transvaal. He declared such remarks on a friendly state were an inadmissible violation of parliamentary usages.

The War Fund.

London, Nov. 10.—Tenders for £30,000,000 treasury bills, the first instalment of the war fund, opened to-day, the total of applications amounted to £10,722,000. The issue was allotted as follows: £2,000,000 at six months and £1,000,000 at twelve months. The average rates per cent. were 33 1/3d for six months' bills, and 33 5/8d for twelve months' bills.

Another Transport Arrives.

Capetown, Nov. 10.—The British transport Moore, having on board the officers of the three divisions of the British army corps, on its way to South Africa, arrived here at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

Vegetables for Troops.

Toronto, Nov. 10.—The Ontario department of agriculture has received a communication from the Imperial authorities inquiring as to the export of vegetables for the troops in South Africa.

**DOMINION FINANCES.**

(Special to the Times)

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—Financial returns made up by the department of finance for four months ending Oct. 31st last, shows an increase

We are Prompt, We are Careful and We are Always at Our Post.

## Campbell's Prescription Store

CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS  
VICTORIA, B.C.

## For Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

## The War in South Africa

Lord Salisbury Announces That  
No European Intervention  
Will Be Permitted.

Retirement of British Troops from  
Positions in Natal Was Not  
Unexpected.

London, Nov. 9.—The Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Wolseley, Mr. Ritchie, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Halsbury, the Lord Chief Justice, the Duke of Marlborough and a few other diplomats were present at the Guildhall banquet to-night.

Lord Wolseley, replying to the toast to "The Army," said:

"Every day applications are received from volunteers in all parts of the Empire who wish to be sent to the front. I am proud of the sailors, soldiers and volunteers who are at our guard. We have work before us, for our foe is brave and it is no mimic warfare in which we are engaged. When one reads of the work which our local forces in Natal have done in the past few weeks one must deem them worthy of standing side by side with the best regulars. We at present have only mobilized one army corps, consisting of 33,000 men, of whom 44,000 are already on the way to the Cape. To-day orders have been sent to mobilize another division, and it is called upon by the ministers to mobilize another army corps we are quite prepared to do so."

Lord Salisbury's Speech.

The Marquis of Salisbury, who was greeted with intense enthusiasm, said: "Before turning to the serious point, my duty is to inform you that our situation in South Africa is the only part of our relations with other nations to which any term of apprehension or doubt can be applied. For several years our relations with and cordial feelings towards our kinsmen on the other side of the Atlantic have been constantly growing, and though neither do we interfere in the affairs of their continent nor they interfere in the affairs of ours, we feel now that we can always look for sympathy and a fair hearing among those who share with us the vast mission for the advancement of mankind."

"But perhaps you think I am sanguine in saying that on the continent of Europe we have

No Hostility to Fear.

There is undoubtedly a certain acerbity of tone among the writers for the foreign press, but I do not believe that the trend of this opinion affects the people of foreign nations. I am quite certain it does not affect the governments; and I will say that I have noted, as one of the cheering symptoms of the present time, the happy relations existing between the United States and ourselves, and the sympathy with which we watch their approach towards the same great problems we ourselves have had to solve.

"This morning you had intelligence of an agreement between ourselves and one of the great continental states with which for many years we have entertained relations of sympathy and friendship beyond others. Samoa is not in itself a very important matter; but it was important because it constituted a subject of difference between ourselves and a nation whose good will we prize very highly. I do not know entirely the reason why.

The German People

and government attach so much importance to Samoa, but they do, and we are very glad to find the means whereby, without the least diminishing the rights of England, we are able to gratify their views and sentiments.

"The agreement is somewhat complicated, but, roughly, it may be said that the Germans had great interest in this, because they had invested large amounts in its cultivation and because they had constructed a great commercial trade of which they are proud. The islands, therefore, are of great value to them. To us, on the other hand, islands are generally only valuable when they furnish good harbors. Up to now we have had a very bad harbor. In these circumstances we are glad to accept a renunciation of Germany over another island, Tocua, where there is an admirable, an inviolable harbor. We took the harbor, and Germany took the territory, in which for many reasons the Germans are interested.

"We believe we have arrived at a very remarkable phenomenon—an agreement which is pleasant and advantageous to both powers, but this is an interesting particular, because it indicates that at the present moment our relations with the German people are all we could desire.

"The subject that interests all of us undoubtedly is

This War.

adorned with so many splendid feats of heroism and skill, but saddened by so many losses. I have great difficulty in dealing with the war, and if I attempted to deal with the future I should be undertaking a task in prophecy in which the hardest would shrink. If I am to speak at all it may rather be to deprecate criticism and statements which I think unfounded than to attempt to pass

## Headache

It is often a warning that the liver is torpid or inactive. More serious troubles may follow. For a prompt, efficient cure of Headache and all liver troubles, take

## Hood's Pills

While they rouse the liver, restore full, regular action of the bowels, they do not grip or pain, do not irritate or inflame the inner organs, but have a positive tonic effect. 25c. at all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

ference, and in the second place because we are convinced that there is no such idea in the minds of any government in the world.

"Within my recollections there have been some, and for six years wars, including in those cases general international hostilities, but, except as provided for by treaties and excepting the case of treaties, in none of those wars has a third party ventured to interfere between the combatants. In none of these wars has any nation claimed a right to determine what the issue of the contest or its terms should be. They have not claimed that right, because they cannot. It is not in accordance with international law that they should possess it. Therefore such dreams

Should Be Set Aside.

"Whenever we are victorious we shall consult the vast interests committed to our care. This will be open to us in forming and taking counsel of the uniform voice of our people, and of the voice of moderation and equal justice, to all races of men which it is our uniform practice to observe. I do not doubt we shall so arrange that the issue of this conflict will confer good government and give the security sorely needed against the recurrence of any such danger and the necessity of any such future exertion, and for the restoration of peace and civilization to that portion of the world which they should possess it. There

Lord Salisbury resumed his seat amid a tremendous ovation.

## GENERAL WHITE'S POSITION.

H. W. Wilson, the Noted Writer on Naval  
Military Topics, Reviews Naval  
Situation.

"It would have been nothing to the purpose to issue proclamations for reserves some weeks earlier. For what were the causes of war, and what was the cause of the ultimatum. It was not because of any demand we had made. It so happens that at the moment the ultimatum was issued we had withdrawn our demands, and there was no demand before the Transvaal government. It was because we had taken measures to increase the amount of our forces in South Africa; but that had been done a few months sooner, exactly, the same result would have taken place. The moment you had shown signs of raising your force to an equality with the force opposed to it, that moment the ultimatum would have been issued.

"His position is critical, but it is scarcely possible it will compel him to withdraw his army from Ladysmith and retreat to the line of Tugela.

"General White probably would never have escaped had not General Symons on October 20th administered such severe punishment to Meyers' command and temporarily disengaged the Boers.

To Stand Siege at Ladysmith.

"It is probable then that General White will elect to stand at Ladysmith and face an almost certain siege. For if the enemy is, as reports represent, from 20,000 to 30,000 strong, with plenty of artillery, then further offensive movements on our part are practically impossible.

"The British force is now about 10,000 strong, with possibly 500 to 1,000 bluejackets. The sudden arrival of the latter is in itself a danger signal.

"The total strength of the artillery in White's command is thirty-four 15 pounder field guns, three 12-pounders landed by the Powerful, two quick rifles captured at Elandsdrift, and eight 7 or 9 pounder muzzle loaders of the Natal local forces.

"Such an army as this, with ample food and ammunition, and a river running through the town, assuring a good water supply, should be able to easily hold Ladysmith until the first troops of the army corps arrive.

"Foreign nations have complimented us upon the calmness with which we have received the intelligence of

Occasional Checks.

Whatever strategy there might be, we were well aware that the beginning of our conflict with the Boers must be marked by a retirement of our troops from positions they were not strong enough to occupy. It is necessary that they should wait for sufficient reinforcements. I do not attempt to forecast the future. I only say that my faith in the British soldier is unbounded, and I am deeply gratified to feel that he is in the vigorous and sagacious hands of General Buller.

"Regarding the future I will only deplore, some very strange assertions that I see occasionally in the continental press. Only the other day I saw it asserted, not by a chance writer but by a man who has been a member of a French government, that this war had for its object the gratification of the lusts of greedy Lords who desired to partition among themselves the gold and diamonds of the Transvaal. Now, I beg to assure this gentleman that Her Majesty's government have

Not Had a Farthing

from the Transvaal or from any other goldfield. There is the Yukon, about which there was no contest. If there had been any chance of our gaining advantages, the Yukon goldfields should have yielded something; but I appeal to my friend Lord Hamilton to know if the cabinet ever had a farthing from them.

"The Yukon had between 88 and 90 guns against the Russian 482, many of which were heavy pieces. The place only fell because it was starved out.

"This record shows that nothing is impossible for good soldiers with modern rifles behind well planned earthworks. Whether such works are constructed at Ladysmith is not told, but it is so hoped.

"The Boer tactics no doubt will be to draw a cordon round the town and bombard it.

No Real Help Before the 12th.

"As to reinforcements for White's force, no troops will be immediately available, as the first brigade of the army corps will not reach Cape Town before November 12th, and will not be in

before the 12th or 13th, but the indications are that the pressure will be taken off of White by a demonstration in the direction of Bloemfontein at the earliest possible moment, so that the troops as they arrive will be pushed toward the Orange river.

The fact that Zephathia's artillery was a week ago disengaged in this direction is not to be overlooked, as the Free State forces will not see without some alarm that their position is threatened and would be certain to fall back.

The manner in which the Boers have fought, and the great strength they are showing in all directions necessarily suggests the question whether or not it is wise to send out further strong reinforcements without delay.

Carry It Through Ourselves,

and the interference of anybody else will have no effect upon it, in the first place because we would not accept that inter-

vention.

The hour for asking by what means this result can be obtained is not yet come; but these are the objects and the only objects, we seek. We do not allow any other consideration to cross our path. I have seen it suggested—and it seems to me a wild suggestion—that the other powers will interfere with this country and in some form or other dictate to those who are concerned in it as to what its upshot should be. Don't let any man think it is in that fashion the conflict will be concluded. We shall have to

Estimate of Contending Forces.

"As far as can be gathered from various reports, the following are the Boer commands: Natal, 18,000 to 25,000; Zululand, 30,000; Koomapiepoort, 14,000; Mafeking, 5,000; Kimberley, 5,000; small parties elsewhere, 5,000. Probably these figures are exaggerated, but the Boers are not far short of 45,000 in field strength.

"The army corps and its troops for the line of communication will be about 4,000, to which is to be added 2,000 Canadians and Australasians, 7,000 from Cape Colony, and the Natal force of 10,000.

"The loss of 2,000 men will in no sense

affect ultimate British success, but has only postponed the end.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

range with the Egyptian cabinet for the dispatch of 5,000 Egyptian troops to the Transvaal, but the report is discredited here.

Movements of Troops in Natal.

Estcourt, Nov. 6.—There are signs that a movement is contemplated by the British troops here, but their destination is kept a profound secret.

An armored train which has returned from reconnoitering in the direction of Colenso reports having seen nothing of the enemy. The train guard met a native runner returning from Ladysmith, who said that a party of Boers had torn up the line within a mile of Colenso station. The Boers, he asserted, were in great numbers. They brought big guns down from Groblersdrift Hill, planted them on the railway, and fired live shells into Colenso, only to ascertain that it had been completely evacuated. Then they entered with five empty wagons, which they filled with goods via De Aar, Rossmead and Stormberg, and did not see a sign of enemy's forces.

The concentration upon the frontier at De Aar and Queenstown has been completely effected without interruption. "The Boers have destroyed the Vaal bridge, seven miles south of Norval's Pont, but they have not further advanced towards Caledon. There is a general belief that the Free State intend to act on the defensive unless the Cape Dutch show active sympathy.

"The railway within the Free State is completely wrecked. It is estimated that it will take six months to repair the damage already done in South Africa, and the army will hardly be able to use the railway again more than in 1881."

Washington News.

London, Nov. 9.—A dispatch from a correspondent at Queenstown, Cape Colony, dated November 6, says:

"I arrived here yesterday afternoon via De Aar, Rossmead and Stormberg, and did not see a sign of enemy's forces.

"The concentration upon the frontier at De Aar and Queenstown has been completely effected without interruption.

"The Boers have destroyed the Vaal bridge, seven miles south of Norval's Pont, but they have not further advanced towards Caledon. There is a general belief that the Free State intend to act on the defensive unless the Cape Dutch show active sympathy.

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Volunteers Killed.

London, Nov. 9.—A telegram has been received at the colonial office from the Governor of Natal, giving a copy of the pigeon post message received by the Premier from the commandant of volunteers.

"It is as follows:

"Lady Smith, Tuesday, Nov. 7.—I sent you November 3 by native messenger a report of the engagement that day, but I am not sure if it reached you, as the messenger has not returned. Major Taunton and Sergeant Mapson, of the Natal Engineers, were killed; Captain Arnott, of the Border Mounted Rifles, was wounded; nine troopers were wounded, all slightly, and are doing well.

"There has been nothing important since the hospital removed to a spot on the railway three miles south. All was quiet on Sunday and Monday. The enemy renewed the bombardment to-day, but no damage was done."

Police Recapture Stormberg.

Burgersdorp, Cape Colony, Nov. 8.—There are no signs here of the Boers, though it is asserted that they will invade Burgersdorp to-morrow morning.

The police have returned and reoccupied Stormberg.

The Boers have blown up the Achterberg railway bridge and have cut the wires.

Carnegie on the War.

New York, Nov. 9.—Mr. Andrew Carnegie was interviewed on his arrival here to-day. Speaking of the war between England and the Boers, Mr. Carnegie said Great Britain had brought on the war by a desire for gain. "The war against the Boers is most infamous and unjust, and it was brought about by England's lust for dominion, and is on a par with our attacks on the Philippines. The two attacks are a disgrace to both branches of our race. The people in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State have a right to rule themselves. One war is an attack on an existing and the other on an embryonic republic. It was worse for us to attack the Filipinos, for we all see from a greater height, as we believe in a government by the consent of the governed."

COURT LIFE IN ROUMANIA.

Many interesting details are given in "The Reminiscences of the King of Roumania," just published by Messrs. Harper, of New York. The writer, a son of the King, relates his experiences in the court of King Carol I, and his life at the Roumanian Court. Roumanian royalty, says the writer, possesses three residences. The winter is spent at Bucharest, in a dingy leaded building, which has more the outward appearance of a dungeon than of a palace. The summer is passed at Sinaia, a mountain glen in the Carpathians, where the air is salubrious and the scenery romantic. The spring and autumn are spent at Cotroceni, a suburb of Bucharest, where an old monastery has been turned into a princely residence. Their Majesties maintain a full corps of ladies-in-waiting, ladies of honor and servants; the court etiquette is very strict, and based upon the German system of exclusiveness. Even during the campaign in Bulgaria, Prince Charles, as he was then, maintained his court etiquette, so far as it was possible, in the field. One evening, when a distinguished foreigner was dining with the Russian Emperor and his staff, at Poradim, near Pleven, His Majesty laughingly apologized for the absence of court style in his establishment, and remarked that if his guest desired to witness magnificence under difficulties he must dine with his cousin in Roumania, at the other side of the village.

Court Fashions.

The Roumanian court fashions waited at table, in Bulgarian hunts, attired in full costume of puttees, white silk stockings, knee-breeches and embroidered coats.

There is one notable exception to the general exclusiveness maintained by the Roumanian sovereigns, the attendance of the Queen and her ladies of honor at the skating party whenever the ice is in working condition. Her Majesty thoroughly enjoys this sport, and滑冰 in the crowd. She is not a good skater, but she extracts as much hearty enjoyment from the exercise as could be obtained by the most skillful skylife in Europe. The King sometimes accompanies his consort to the rink, but his visits are rare and of brief duration.

During the winter season, when the court is in the city palace, dinner and dancing parties are frequently given by the King and Queen, and it is not difficult to obtain an invitation to the latter if one is admitted into the general social circle of the upper class of the population. The dinners, however, are usually confined to high officials, the diplomatic corps and their families, members of the legislature, and to officers of the army, with occasionally a few friends here and there belonging to general society, and who are known to be acceptable to the classes above-mentioned.

When guests are being entertained at the palace the stairways and passages are lined with brightly uniformed officers of the army and of the household; but the dinners are far from being elaborate banquets, and the furniture of the tables and public apartments is of the plainest description. At these entertainments the King is always in uniform,

## Massing of British Troops

They Are Now Preparing for the Invasion of the Free State.

Ten Thousand More Soldiers to Be Mobilized—The Shelling of Pretoria.

</div

## Will Meet at Phillipi

Electors of Victoria West Will Organize to Fight for Justice.

Strong Speeches at Last Night's Indignation Meeting in the Suburb.

The big patriotic demonstration in the drill hall last night somewhat militated against the size of the audience in Semple's hall, but there was no lack of interest among those who were present. The Craigflower road master, the "King pin" of suburban grievances, was last night relegated to a subordinate position, the tone of all the speeches being one of the most intense indignation at what the residents believe to be studied neglect of their district at the hands of the city council.

It is unfortunate that the mayor and the majority of the aldermen decided to remain away from the meeting, for it would have afforded them an excellent opportunity of discovering the temper of the people who reside there. There were no violent measures suggested, but the whole audience seemed animated by a common purpose to make their influence distinctly felt at the polls in the coming municipal election.

The striking feature of almost all the speeches was the indignation expressed at the remarks made by one of the aldermen in reference to tar and feathering him, and the lack of courtesy, as they stamped it, shown by the council refusing to attend the meeting. Several of the members were opposed to appointing a committee to wait on the council, but finally a representative body consisting of Beaumont, Boggs, C. J. Jenkins, T. Redding, Thos. F. Gold, Capt. Gaudin, J. Colglarripe, Revs. Barber and McRae, J. Ramsay, S. Shore, Percy R. Brown and Thomas Nicholson was appointed to lay the resolution passed before the aldermanic board.

The chair was taken by Beaumont Boggs. In explaining the reasons for the meeting Mr. Boggs said it was for the purpose of meeting the mayor and aldermen and discussing with them questions affecting Victoria West. Unfortunately a misconception had arisen among some of the aldermen regarding the objects of the meeting. Some of the representatives had expressed the fear that they would be tarred and feathered. (Laughter and applause.)

"Now I am sure," continued Mr. Boggs, "that no one desires to do such a thing, much as some of them may deserve it. It appears," he continued, "that we are the Uitlanders of Victoria, and that we are to be denied our rights by the Paul Kruger, who rules at the city hall." (Laughter and applause.)

The chairman then read the list of subjects which it was proposed to discuss, and added that there was nothing in it to indicate that the people of Victoria West were such hooligans as some of the aldermen would have them appear. (Applause.)

Secretary T. Goldthorn submitted a statement of receipts and expenses incurred in connection, as the chairman put it, "of asserting our rights." It showed an expenditure of \$731.50, there being a deficit of 85 cents, which would be covered by outstanding subscriptions. The chairman did not know whether the meeting intended to ask the city council to meet this expense or not.

Ald. Williams, Beckwith and Brydon, the only representatives of the aldermanic board present, were invited to the platform, and took their seats amid applause.

The question of improved fire protection for the suburb was then taken up, and Rev. Rural Dean Barber was called upon. He first of all expressed his surprise that such a large and respectable portion of the city as Victoria West should have such a shanty cag upon it as was implied in Ald. Kinsman's now celebrated "tar and feathers" speech. The speaker had lived in Victoria West for some time, and had seen the necessity for improvements which the city council had never thought of at all. Numerous instances of this had taken place. Take for instance the case of the fall of the Point Ellice bridge. Very indifferent steps were taken at that time to provide means of transportation to the city from Victoria West.

Then there was the question of fire protection. He had been ashamed to show a gentleman from the Northwest the little shanty which represents the fire hall of Victoria West. The growing population of the district demanded at least a respectable building.

He had been a silent but very deeply interested spectator of the Craigflower

road difficulty. His understanding of it was that many years ago a gentleman had cut up one of the city roads into lots. This had been done illegally, and it was only natural to suppose that the government would compensate, but this had not been done. The council here had been interested with somewhat extraordinary powers—powers unthought of in England. There seemed to be no doubt that through some influence the legislature put in the Municipal Clauses Act a section giving the council power to close roads, and immediately, what was at first an illegal act, became the law of the land.

This brought up a question, it was thought, that the city council had the power to close even the main arteries of travel. Of course this would be very dangerous, especially in the suburbs where there are many people.

It was also thought that the public might be compelled to suffer for manipulation, to be made to suffer for the sake of the landholders.

If certain people had bought this land with their eyes shut, it was no reason why the city should reimburse them any more than the government should reimburse the Manitoba speculator who found his land submerged in water.

If these people had suffered loss, the city council should balance against the loss to the public by closing Craigflower road and pay them the balance out of the city treasury. (Applause.)

"By doing so the aldermen board," he added, "would be doing a just act to us and a kindly act to the gentlemen interested." (Applause.)

He hoped that the council would take a sensible and a just view of the matter. As Victoria West wanted was a measure of simple justice from a large and important part of the city to a growing young member of the community.

He gathered from the speech of the mayor, or one of the aldermen, that he held that Victoria West had received back in expenditures all that he had paid in taxes. The speaker, however, would like to ask how many of the debentures for the good of the city in electric lighting, sewerage, constructing a reservoir, etc., had been paid for by Victoria West, and he would certainly apologize. He had been surprised at the expression used, especially as since coming to Victoria he had found his neighbors such law-abiding

men.

Mr. S. Okell also resented Ald. Kinsman's remarks. If he were a gentleman he would certainly apologize. He had been surprised at the expression used, especially as since coming to Victoria he had found his neighbors such law-abiding

men.

Mr. J. J. Gaudin mentioned fire protection as one of the pressing necessities of the place, as most of the places which had ever caught fire in the suburb had been burnt to the ground before any assistance could be obtained. If anything happened to Point Ellice bridge, where would the people be placed? They had some idea of their punishment in the fire which destroyed the steamers a few months ago, and to which the engines could not be got.

Then the suburb required a recreation ground. At present if a man took his family to the parks it cost him considerably in fare. Surely the people were entitled to a reasonable amount of recreation with other parts of the city.

Coming to the Craigflower road, "that is what is shocking in our gullets," said the speaker. He mentioned the expense which had been entailed up to the point of the quashing of the bill by Judge Drake, with which the people of Victoria were generally satisfied. By carrying an appeal, the mayor and a majority of the council had worked a hardship on the people. They had got plenty of law but no justice.

Then the speaker referred to the action of city workmen in first filing spikes on the Craigflower road and then digging them out. What was the city playing at? They are treating the people of the suburb as though they were naughty children who have to be sent supperless to bed.

He noticed that \$85 had been recommended by the city engineer to improve Russell street. How many people used it? Even with the obstruction on the Craigflower road, expressmen and others drove over the sidewalk instead of going round, and there would yet be a serious accident at that point owing to lack of light.

The candidates had last year promised to conserve the interests of the people of Victoria West. They had done so by attempting to impose two hours' additional walking per week upon the people here.

Chas. W. Jenkinson objected to the insultingly remark made by one of the aldermen in regard to the "tar and feathers" process. The speaker would take his share of the charge of cranks if the member referred to would take the odium of his ignorance. This alderman said that it was not the mayor and the other members who were wanted—here only himself. He thought that at the next election the alderman would find that the people did not want him at all.

The people were in the same position as when they entered the corporation. They were still walking the sidewalks, and drove over the same gravel that the government laid. (Applause.)

The fire hall was a disgrace. It wasn't half as good as at Oaklands, which was not nearly as important a suburb. Victoria West was obliged to pay a higher insurance rate, and this was an injustice.

A park established in Victoria West would benefit not only this district but Rock Bay, by which it also could be used.

He moved in conclusion, seconded by Mr. Fawcett:—

"That this meeting is strongly of the opinion that steps should be at once taken to erect a suitable fire hall in this western suburb, and equip it at least with a chemical engine."

Rev. D. MacRae felt with many other residents of Victoria West the greatest sense of indignation at the slanderous remarks—as slanderous as they were unwarranted—that the people intended to subject any member of the council to inflict much less violence. (Applause.)

He thought steps should be at once taken to repudiate these imputations.

He had been in thorough accord with everything which had been done in connection with the Craigflower road case, excepting a few steps at the outset. He also believed that the judges had ruled fairly, but nevertheless, he thought an injustice had been done upon the people of the district. But he believed the legislature had made a mistake in investing the council with such powers, especially when the administration of affairs fell into the hands of men who would make such an arbitrary use of their powers as the tyrannical men who compose the majority of the present

council. (Cheers.) The community had suffered, not only in pocket, but in feeling. The community had been the victim of this tyranny on the part of those who we're supposed to represent the people.

It was an unfortunate thing that Victoria West was this intervening suburb should be united with the city. The ward was unrepresented, although their taxes were collected to carry on city government. That was disgraceful to Britons and Englishmen. (Loud applause.) It was as a protest against this very principle, which Britons were shedding their blood in South Africa to day. He felt that the press should draw the attention of the great majority of fair-minded people of the city to the gravity of the case.

He was not the only one who did not express the real importance of the matter. This was the residence of the engineers and tradesmen of the city, the best customers, which the royal mailmen have.

Yet they had not a decent bridge to reach the trading centre. The speaker had himself been obliged to stand five minutes waiting to get over the miserable bridge at Point Ellice, and but for the sufficiency of being allowed to go over the railway bridge traffic would be congested.

He would like the merchants to feel it in their pockets, and then they would enforce their views upon their aldermen when they would not be treated with contempt as they had been treated, after being politely requested to do so, abundantly proved. (Applause.)

"But we will speak," continued the speaker, "and we will see whether Mayor Redfern or Ald. Kinsman, or any one else, will be allowed to tyrannize over us. I have said nothing of which I am ashamed or for which I should apologize. (No. 2.) But I do resent as a Britisher the tyranny which had been exercised by the council in regard to Victoria West.

Rev. Mr. Knox asked to be excused from speaking as he had been in the meeting but a few minutes.

Mr. S. Okell also resented Ald. Kinsman's remarks. If he were a gentleman he would certainly apologize. He had been surprised at the expression used, especially as since coming to Victoria he had found his neighbors such law-abiding

men.

As the chairman brought up the matter of the road through the Indian reserve and its proposed electric lighting, the city had acknowledged its liability by asserting its authority over it, because the Indian department had threatened to allow the Indians to fence it. Had he believed the object of the meeting was to draw attention to their grievances. Although he thought the council should have attended, yet he advised the audience to send a committee to meet the council as electing one man to represent them at the city council would avail but little. Victoria West should unceasingly agitate for the removal of the Indian reserve, and he believed there was some influence behind the Indians keeping the matter open. The time was coming when the Point Ellice bridge would be insufficient to accommodate the traffic from Esquimalt. If the reserve was done away with a bridge could then be thrown across the River at the foot of Johnson street, and streets made to connect with it.

Personally the speaker had agreed with the contention of most of the speakers in regard to the Craigflower road. He had been a member of the special committee appointed to look into the matter, and had attempted to bring in a minority report. He felt that the wish of 90 per cent. of the ratepayers was that the road should be kept open.

Rev. Mr. Macrae—99 per cent.

Continuing, Ald. Beckwith said he felt that private considerations had influenced the council too much. (Applause.) He himself had been canvassed in his own office in their interests.

In fairness to Ald. Humphrey he felt it should be said that that gentleman had not said that a light had never been petitioned for from Victoria West. He had said that a light had not been asked for opposite Mr. Danmsul's gate. The trouble was that Ald. Williams, in his singular way of putting things, has not given the council in the possession of the information he possesses on the subject.

Ald. Williams here asserted that Ald. Humphrey's statement was that no such petition had been presented in the last two years.

He favored the sending of considerable money very soon in the way of securing a suitable school building. A long time must be floated for a considerable sum for school buildings.

Ald. Brydon thought that some of the members seemed to forget that Victoria West was only a portion of the North Ward. The ward had this year secured as much money as all the others combined. The bridge question would be solved by the Sorby harbor scheme.

He strongly objected to the city council's action on the Craigflower road. He always held that if there was to be any lighting let the ratepayers do it themselves, and not let the council light a portion of the ratepayers. (Applause.) Not could the council afford to lay sidewalks that were not wanted.

He thought that the statement that all the aldermen were tyrannical ought to be qualified.

Rev. Mr. MacRae—I referred to the action of the council as a body. The action of the minority has been appreciated and will be marked at the proper time.

Ald. Williams said he was obliged to defend himself from Ald. Beckwith's insinuations. The fact was the latter had been away from his duties for two months, and that the speaker had been made a little jealous. (Laughter.)

They were perfectly right in kicking the council out of the city hall, and if their own representatives would not help them he would. They have been shamefully used and he would stay with them.

The speaker thought that if the Craigflower road case were carried to a higher court they would win. "I see," he said, "my friend, Capt. Gaudin, smile." Capt. Gaudin—I am simply smiling at the uselessness of attempting to fight the city, who use our own money to fight us.

The meeting broke up with votes of thanks to the press, the aldermen who had attended and the chairman.

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AFRICAN NAMES.

And, by way of conclusion, this little paragraph for the benefit of the mightier arm of ladies and gentlemen of American nationality who are entitled to the surname of "Smith." The city of Ladysmith is a very prominent in all the Transvaal, and the Transvaal is a very prominent in the Transvaal. Sir George White's forces are encamped there, and the place will doubtless become sooner or later the scene of a big battle. The name of the town is derived from the prefix "Sir." Sir Harry Smith, who met her husband during the Peninsular War. As a young officer, Sir Harry was in occupation of a Spanish fort, and a young English girl of good family claimed his protection. The girl fell in love with her, and in due course she became his wife. Subsequently, when

Continuing, he said it was well known that the council could not purchase the land mentioned, but he had reason to know that for about \$50 or \$100 per acre a fine, flat, clear space could be obtained. The young men of Victoria West had taken steps for securing a gymnasium, and it was unfair to expect them to go to Beacon Hill.

Phil R. Smith brought up the matter of school house accommodation in Victoria West. The grounds were small and unfit for a playground, while the building itself was the worst in the city. He hoped that a portion of the sum saved by the consolidation of the city could be applied to improving the school house accommodation in Victoria West.

Rev. Mr. MacRae suggested that the committee call another meeting at an early date for the purpose of organizing for the municipal election, not only to make their vote effective at the polls, but to influence as many people as possible in other districts. He had never before taken an active part in an election, but he intended this time to take his part as a citizen. (Loud applause.)

He thought steps should be at once taken to repudiate these imputations.

He had been in thorough accord with everything which had been done in connection with the Craigflower road case, excepting a few steps at the outset. He also believed that the judges had ruled fairly, but nevertheless, he thought an injustice had been done upon the people of the district. But he believed the legislature had made a mistake in investing the council with such powers, especially when the administration of affairs fell into the hands of men who would make such an arbitrary use of their powers as the tyrannical men who compose the majority of the present

Revs. McRae and Barber then moved:

"That the report published in the local press of the proceedings of the municipal council of the city of Victoria at its meeting on Monday evening last remaining uncontradicted, this meeting takes this, the earliest opportunity of reprimanding the charge of Ald. Kinsman to the effect that the design of the ratepayers of Victoria West in inviting the board of aldermen to a conference with respect to local municipal questions was to subject the said board of aldermen to insult and violence; and hereby calls upon Ald. Kinsman to retract his slanderous charge."

Mr. Fawcett took up the matter of electric light. Over a year ago he received over a hundred signatures to a petition for an electric light opposite Mr. Danmsul's gate. He was then told that there was no sufficient power for light streets. (Applause.)

Mr. Fawcett then moved:

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West.

### INTERFERENCE UNLIKELY.

From the tone of the articles which have been appearing in the Continental press since the opening of the campaign, against the South African Republic, it is evident that the old feeling of hostility, probably due to jealousy and envy, is by no means dead. The Russian papers especially have been very bitter, and some of the French and German have openly advised the Russians to make the most of the opportunity now offered to them by the pre-occupation of the British. As is now well-understood, one of the most serious obstacles to a settlement with the Boers has been this apprehension of interference by continental powers. Therefore it is very reassuring to learn from the dispatches that the British government has given what is practically a broad hint that there is to be no interference from that quarter. The plan for the complete reorganization of South Africa has been prepared, and the war will not be ended a month before the wise policy of the Imperial government will be producing beneficial results. It will be a great thing for all the people who dwell in that favored land, from the Cape to the Zambesi, to have the peace and security of our British laws instead of the uncertainty of the times before the war. Britain may be trusted to make South Africa prosperous, contented and happy, a condition in which the Boers will share equally with the better behaved.

### LORD SALISBURY'S SPEECH

Confidence in the outcome of the present troubles was the dominant note in the British Premier's Guillotine speech last night. To all parts of the Empire, these weighty words of Lord Salisbury would bring much relief, for the tension during the past week has been high.

It was a graceful compliment that Lord Salisbury paid to the Americans for the good feeling exhibited towards the Empire in recent troubles, and it will assuredly be heartily appreciated throughout the United States. It is as the premier said, undeniable that the friendly feeling between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race has been remarkably strengthened of late. Americans will cordially echo the sentiment that they share equally with Great Britain the "trust mission" for the advancement of mankind. No matter what individuals may say to the contrary, that is the destiny shaping for these two great reformers; they are to be henceforth partners in the civilization of the world, a very large portion of which stands badly in need of British-Americanizing.

Lord Salisbury's attitude toward the European nations was full of confidence in the good sense of the continental peoples. Let their press "howl at England," the best feeling, the best thought of the German, the French and other peoples was with that same England in her

struggle for the rights of man for all men, white or black. The premier's reference to Spain was touching and full of dignity. His direction as to the future of that fine people will, it is already seen, probably be fulfilled to the last word.

The position of the Transvaal in regard to this war is shown by Lord Salisbury to be no enviable one. It is actually the fact, as was only hinted at the time, that when the Transvaal issued the famous ultimatum, Great Britain had withdrawn her demands, so that there was no demand from Great Britain before the Republic. But as the speaker pointed out, the result would be that the same had the reinforcement of the South African contingent been begun in the field, the Boers would have been hard-pressed anyway.

With respect to the reverses which have befallen the British forces, seldom has any speaker so precisely crystallized the feeling of the whole nation as did Lord Salisbury last night in the few philosophical phrases in which he admitted the inevitability of those reverses in the circumstances in which the nation was placed at the opening of the war. In reality it is the British that have been fighting against a more powerful nation in the preliminary engagements, and the results have been in no wise such as to make us feel less pride in our soldiers and sailors, but to renew the confidence in them that the nation has always felt. Lord Salisbury's faith in the British soldier is unbounded. "So is the British public's faith in Thomas Atkins. He is all his own poet has depicted and much more, and in the vigorous and sagacious hands of General Butler, he will better even his own great record."

It was not to be expected that an astute master of phrase like Lord Salisbury would "give away" anything of a sensational character in his address at the Guildhall, but he gave out enough to satisfy the British public that it is well with the Empire, and that both in diplomacy and war the current of events is flowing now as we all would wish.

### CANADIAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

Professor W. H. Hobbs, an American scientific man, writing in the November number of the Popular Science Monthly, says:

"It is by no means improbable that when the barren territory about Hudson's Bay is thoroughly explored, a region for profitable diamond mining may be revealed."

This savant's opinion is strongly supported by the fact that some of the largest diamonds found in that region have been kept as curiosities in the settlers' houses for periods varying from seven to sixteen years, without the finders and owners suspecting the great value of those "dull bits of glass." This is exactly what took place in the Orange Free State, the farmers there being unaware of the worth of the stones they had given to the children to play with. It was only when the British prospector came along and paid for those stones the price of a span of oxen that the truth dawned on the farmers.

In view of the great scarcity which is sure to be experienced in the diamond market as a result of the interruption of mining in the Kimberley district, which contributes 98 per cent. of the world's production, this is good news for Canada. Professor Hobbs shows in his article that the soil and geological formation in the Hudson's Bay district are distinctly diamondiferous. Some of the stones found have gone as high as twenty-four carats. Extensive and particular examination of the ground is now taking place, and upon the reports made much depends. It will be great thing for Canada if it turn out that the country has a rich diamond field as well as some of the best gold areas in the world.

### TRIPPING WITH TRUTH.

Sir Charles Tupper has a dead answer for. He has been leading the Tory press of Canada into another bog, in which the unfortunate organs are now up to the neck. This time it is an attack on the preferential tariff the ancient knight has been making, with results similar to those which fell to the share of the knight of La Mancha when he struck his lance through the satin of the windmill. Sir Charles Tupper is the Don Quixote of Canadian politics. No man ever rivaled him in the powers of imagination. Honore de Balzac could make himself believe, and almost could his coquise friends, that the cheap, sumptuous dinner which he provided at his little dinners were bottles of venerable vintages almost beyond price, and of flavor and bouquet incomparable. But Sir Charles Tupper can beat even that as a feat of the imagination. He can take hard facts that are manifestly white and he can persuade himself that they are black, and such is his power of blarney that he can make the great, intelligent, independent, Tory press of Canada believe it also, and say: "That's right; it's just as he says, and that's good enough for us, or anybody." It is wonderful, wonderful.

Sir Charles has been saying the tariff preference given by Canada to Great Britain has been of no benefit to the mother country. But the London Times, which has a little authority in such matters, say it has, and it goes on to point out that the exports of British and Irish produce to Canada from August 1st, 1898, to July 1st, 1899, were £6,178,684; in the same period of 1897-98 they

were £5,707,106; and in 1896-97, £5,038,128. The Times comments:

"Thus the exports show an increase of over \$1 per cent. for 1898 over 1895 and over 22 per cent. for 1898 as compared with 1897. It was anticipated that the increase will be still greater in the future."

What the chief paper in the British Empire states is the truth; what Sir Charles Tupper has attempted to get the people of Canada, through the aforementioned great, intelligent, etc., etc., Tory press, is not the truth. It is facts as hard as adamant that the Tory leaders are knocking their heads against the wall.

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They saw the cables loosened, they saw

the gangways cleared,

they heard the men that cheered,

Far off, far off, the tumult faded and

And all alone the sea-wind came singing

the old time ballads,

They heard the men that cheered,

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## WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Weather Bureau.

**Victoria, Nov. 10.—**5 a.m.—The barometer is falling along the Coast in advance of a developing storm. Area now covered after Oregon. Heavy rains will prevail over the Pacific slopes and mountains, while the Pacific Coast southward to California. Rain has fallen in Cariboo. While in the Territories a moderate cold wave has appeared preceded by snow.

**Victoria-Barometer:** 29.74; temperature, 59; minimum, 49; wind, 7 miles N. E.; rain, 25; weather, clear.  
**New Westminster-Barometer:** 29.70; temperature, 48; minimum, 42; wind, 6 miles N. E.; rain, 72; weather, cloudy.  
**Nanaimo-Wind:** S. W.; weather, fair.  
**Kamloops-Barometer:** 29.90; temperature, 48; minimum, 46; wind, 4 miles S. E.; weather, clear.

**Barkerville-Barometer:** 29.76; temperature, 58; minimum, 36; wind, calm; rain, 72; weather, clear.  
**Portland-Barometer:** 29.64; temperature, 46; minimum, 42; wind, 4 miles S. E.; rain, 28; weather, cloudy.

**Lower Mainland-Barometer:** 29.68; temperature, 50; minimum, 32; wind, 13 miles E.; rain, 16; weather, cloudy.  
**Tacoma-Barometer:** 29.72; temperature, 46; minimum, 36; wind, 4 miles N.; rain, 60; weather, clear.

**Seattle-Barometer:** 29.67; temperature, 60; minimum, 58; wind, 4 miles S. E.; rain, 10; weather, cloudy.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Saturday.  
**Victoria and vicinity—**Strong easterly winds, increasing to gales off the Coast, continued unsettled, with rain.  
**Lower Mainland—**Strong easterly winds, continued rain.

## CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

—Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.

—Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts.

—GLASGOW BEEF HAM at Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

—There will be a meeting of the police commissioners at the city hall this evening.

Superfuous hair and all facial blemishes removed by Electro-razors. Electric Parlors, 614 Yates street.

—At a meeting of the social club of the A.O.F. last night it was decided to hold the first ball of the season in the A.O.F. U. W. Hall about the 20th of December.

—The most persistent advertisers, the world over, are those who believe in their goods. That is why you hear so much of "HONOLD" Ceylon Tea. It is all that is claimed for it.

—XMAS PHOTOS for the ENGLISH mail should be taken now to avoid hurry and delay. Reasonable prices, latest styles and finest finish at Skeen Lowe's studio.

—The death occurred at the Home of Truth, Discovery street, yesterday, of Mrs. Olive T. Brown, a native of Boston, Mass. She had reached the age of 74 years. The funeral takes place to-morrow from Hanna's parlors.

—This morning Dr. Frank Hall performed an operation in response on Solomon Martens, the sailor who fell from a window at the Telegraph Hotel. The operation was successfully performed and it is possible the man's life may be saved.

—The B. C. Guide has been taken over by the Province Company, who contemplate adding one hundred pages to it shortly and otherwise improving the publication. The November number has just been issued. Hitherto the Guide has been issued.

—A large order has just been filled by the British Columbia Pottery Company in connection with the alterations about to be made to the court house. The contract is for 3,500 feet of fireproof tile. They also have a large order for white facing brick for Thos. Earle's new block on Yates street.

Double Stamp Days in Jackets, Dress Goods and Millinery, on Friday and Saturday at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.

—At the residence of Mrs. Teague yesterday the W.C.T.U. held one of their regular parlor meetings. The chief feature of the program was the address of Miss Murent, the Australian round-the-world missionary, who gave a very interesting account of the progress of temperance work in her own land. Arrangements have been made to have Miss Murent deliver an address in the First Presbyterian church on Sunday evening at 8:15, and in the school room of the same church on the two evenings following at 8 o'clock.

—A small drop of ink produces that which makes thousands, perhaps millions, "think." When people think of taking an insurance policy they should think of the importance of selecting a company whose past record, present standing and financial strength is unsurpassed; a company in which the rights and privileges of policy-holders are supreme; in which no other interest than that of policy-holders is to be considered or cared for. There is one, and only one, such Canadian company, and that is THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE, now in its 31st year. Its policy-holders and they alone constitute the Company—control its management, elect its directors, and receive all its profits.

Don't fail to see our rates and plans.

## R. L. DRURY,

Provincial Manager, 34 Broad St.  
R. W. BODLEY.  
Special Agent.



SHIPPING NEWS \*

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

## Sale Still On

Shoes going rapidly at prices that bring same buyers back for more. Now is the time to shoe yourself and family at great saving to your purse.

## Johns Bros.

230 DOUGLAS ST.

## DEATH OF MR. J. K. CAMPBELL

Stricken Down in His Room at the Dawson Hotel—Funeral on Sunday.

A great shock was given to the community this morning when the intelligence spread that Mr. J. K. Campbell, who has been acting as secretary of the British Pacific Gold Property Co., had been found dead in bed in his room at the Dawson hotel.

The news spread rapidly, for in the comparatively short space of time in which he has lived in this city he has formed a wide circle of friends. Many refused to believe that one who only last evening

was about the streets apparently in the best of health and in high spirits, could in so short a time be removed by death.

Mr. Campbell went to his hotel last night about eleven o'clock, and afterwards walked around to the Central hotel where he was invited by a party of acquaintances, Messrs. Watt, Cameron, Walker and Dr. Wilson, to join in a game of whist. He excused himself, saying he thought he would go home. He did so, returning about midnight.

At eleven o'clock this forenoon the bell boy went to his room, not having noticed him about, and opening the door, found him dead, in a half kneeling position against the bed. The arms were crossed over the body, as though from sudden pain, and one leg stretched behind him as if he had been about to knock. His shoes had been removed, but this was the only step evidently taken in preparation for retiring when the end came.

An inquest will be held this afternoon or to-morrow morning at Hanna's undertaking parlors, and the funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon at 2:30. The Young Men's Liberal Club are looking after all the preparations of the body to-morrow.

John Kenneth Campbell was about 38 years of age. He was born in Wokington, Cumberland, of Scottish parents, and although born south of the border, always claimed the nationality of his ancestors. He came to this city about ten years ago, assuming the management of the B. C. Pottery Co. Later he acted as bookkeeper for several years for canneries on the Skeena river, and in the Education Department finally taking a position with the gold mining company to which reference has been

made.

Since coming to Victoria Mr. Campbell had identified himself prominently with the St. Andrew's Society, the Sir William Wallace Society and the Young Men's Liberal Club. In the latter he was moving spirit and was the Premier in the mock parliament conducted last winter and spring.

He was a man of wide reading, and some years ago, with some kindred spirits, conducted a humorous weekly in Seattle. His poetical and prose contributions to the Times have made him well known in political circles in the city.

Personally he was one of the most likeable of men. Kindhearted to a fault, generous and happy in disposition, he was the life of any company in which he happened to be thrown, while his great stock of information and fund of anecdotes made him a delightful conversationalist. Though well up in years, Mr. Campbell was never married, and was a fine type of the old-fashioned, learned bachelor.

His genial laugh and ready joke will be sadly missed in the Broad street offices which he frequented, and many a Victoria will to-day mourn his death as that of a truly friend.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

An argument on an application under the Quieting Title is being heard before Mr. Justice Drage to-day. The property in dispute is the T-10-ton saloon premises, claimed by Mr. Baumgart and R. Borthwick; H. D. Hoyleton, Q. C., and W. C. Mossby for Mrs. Baumgart and J. P. Wall for Mr. Borthwick.

In Regina vs. Arthur, an application is being made to quash a conviction under the Health Act. The conviction is about two years old, and a recognition for security for costs which the defendant claimed was filed cannot now be found. Mr. Justice Martin this morning adjourned the application until to-morrow. R. Cassidy appears for the defendant.

In the case of Attorney-General of B. C. vs. the E. & N. Ry. Co., the argument before the F.C.C. Court was concluded yesterday and judgment reserved.

A. S. Bourne, purser of the steamer Tartar, arrived last night by the steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco. He has left the Tartar to enjoy a vacation.

The construction work on the Victoria Marine Railway is being carried on rapidly. For rates enquire at the yard or telephone No. 257.

Steamer Queen City is making a long trip from Skagway. She is now out fifteen days.

R. M. S. Empress of Japan left Vancouver at 2:30 this afternoon.

Steamer Islander left Vancouver at 1:10 p.m. She connected with the train.

Light drapery goods in silkendens, satins, creponines, with fringes to match. Weiser Bros. drapery department on second floor.

Walter Hayes, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria.

E. C. Cockrell, of Manchester, Eng., is registered at the Victoria.

G. A. S. Potts is confined to his room by an attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Annie Morrison, M. P., of New Westminster, is the wife of the penitentiary.

Dr. O. M. Jones returned last night from a trip to England, the return journey including stops at New York and Philadelphia.

Rev. B. C. Freeman, missionary of Skidegate, Queen Charlotte Islands, returned last night from Vancouver, whether he accompanied his wife, who has gone to Kingman on a visit to friends.

## Personal.

Victorians to be Given Another Opportunity of Contributing for the Widows and Orphans.

Although the proceeds from the very successful concert in the Drill Hall last evening were imminently satisfactory, the impression exists that many liberal-minded people would be glad to have a further opportunity of adding their mites to the Mansion House fund and his worship the minister is arranging for that purpose. The lists will be taken charge of by the banks, the newspaper offices, Davis' Pain-Killer.

## A Great Success.

The Drill Hall crowded with an enthusiastic gathering last evening.

Patriotic Song and Sentiment Was Loudly Cheered by a Large Crowd.



## Double Stamp Days

AT

The Sterling

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, 10th and 11th NOV.

WE will give TWENTY TRADING STAMPS for every dollar purchase in LADIES' and CHILDREN'S JACKETS, ULSTERS, DRESS GOODS and MILLINERY.



## SHEFFIELD CUTLERY

If you want the best

Pocket Knives, Razors, Scissors, etc.

See our Sheffield-made stock.

Imported direct.

FOX'S

8 Government Street

Always buy the best

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

Reported by F. S. Taggart & Co.

New York, Nov. 10.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange:

Open. High. Low. Close.

Am. Sugar ..... 153 153 151 152

C. & M. & P. ..... 181 181 178 181

Manhattan ..... 124 124 123 124

People's Gas ..... 111 111 110 111

C. R. I. & P. ..... 117 117 116 117

Am. Tobacco ..... 120 121 119 120

U. S. P. oil ..... 65 65 64 64

U. C. & S. F. oil ..... 117 117 116 116

U. T. & S. F. oil ..... 22 21 21 21

U. R. & G. ..... 81 81 80 81

U. P. com. ..... 47 47 46 47

A. S. W. com. ..... 48 48 47 47

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—The following quotations ruled on the Board of Trade:

Open. High. Low. Close.

Wheat—

May ..... 71 71 71 71

Dec. ..... 67 67 67 67

Corn—

May ..... 32 32 32 32

Dec. ..... 31 31 31 31

Pork—

Jan. ..... 970 970 965 967

Dec. ..... 817 817 821 821

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Forested by Messrs. J. F. Ponikas & Co., stock brokers, 35 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

Asked. Bid.

Golden Star ..... 33 32

Cariboo ..... 120 110

Minnekhada ..... 16 13

Manitoba ..... 132 133

Fortescue ..... 110 109

Cariboo Hydraulic ..... 65 65

Fairview Corp. ..... 65 65

Ind. Industries ..... 110 104

Knob Hill ..... 85 84

## Provincial News.

## COLUMBIA.

The Bulldog tunnel, on the line between Robson and Columbia, is being pushed forward to completion at a very satisfactory rate. During the past month 200 feet of rock was removed at the eastern end and 80 feet at the western end. Connection should be made by February next and all work completed some time in March. At present the track passes over the tunnel, a series of switch-backs serving as a temporary means of access to the Burnt Valley on the western side of the tunnel.

Mr. G. O. Buchanan, Kaslo's lumberman, has perfected the organization of a lumber syndicate. A syndicate of \$100,000 is said to be behind the enterprise.

Mr. J. A. McCallum, city clerk, is organizing a debating society.

The Rev. R. W. Trotter of the Baptist denomination, is preparing to build a chapel. The first church in the valley was built in Columbia by the Presbyterians, though it has been used freely by other denominations.

## NEW WESTMINSTER.

Captain J. H. Maclean, who, during the past season, was master of the steamer Philip V. Low, on the upper Yukon river, arrived in the city on Wednesday day, but went east on the Atlantic express, bound for Charlton, Ont., where he will spend the winter.

Ex-Ald. A. M. Herring returned on Tuesday from an extended trip through the Kootenay, Lytton, Yale, St. Marys creek and Ruby creek mines, where he has been looking after his several mining interests. He reports considerable activity on Siwash and Ruby creeks, in Yale district. On the former creek a number of men are placing mining and making good wages. One company is changing the course of the creek for a considerable distance, with the object of working the bottom, which is undoubtedly very rich.

Captain Pittendrigh, S.M., was informed on Wednesday morning of a circumstance which may have to be threshed out before him in the district court, says the Columbian. A gentleman named Archibald Campbell, it appears, dropped his purse on the road near Clevelander a fortnight ago, and it was found next morning by some children on their way to school, and, subsequently, was handed over to the father of one of the children. The description of the purse and the contents tally exactly with what Mr. Campbell says he lost, but, when he demanded his property from the father he could get no satisfaction, being told it was given to another man living across the international boundary. The provincial police are now sifting the matter.

Clifford Ackerman, the nine year old nephew of Mr. T. Ackerman, went through the ordeal of parting with one of his legs on Monday. As the result of an illness the trouble settled in one leg, and became so serious that during exhibition week he was brought from his St. Mary's hospital. Latterly it became apparent that if the boy's life was to be saved the affected member must be amputated. The operation was successful, and though the young patient is naturally very weak, he seems to be picking up.

## VANCOUVER.

On Tuesday Coroner McGuffin went out to Steveston to hold an inquest on the body of a Japanese man that had been found floating in the water. The verdict of "Found drowned" was returned. On Wednesday the body was identified as that of N. Hishimoto who was reported to have been drowned by the upsetting of his fishing boat over a month ago.

The news of the death of Mrs. Bennett, beloved wife of Major Bennett, a popular officer of the local battalion, was heard with sincere regret in all parts of the city on Wednesday afternoon. The sad occurrence took place as the direct result of an injury received by the deceased lady nearly a month ago, due to a fall from her wheel. At first it was thought that a bad bruise to the knee would be the only result, but unfortunately the jar to the lower limbs appears to have affected the whole system and culminated in fatal cerebral concussion.

Contractor Martin Kelly has the first snowload of stone at the Granville street bridge, False creek, for the new new pier.

At the Anglican Synod for Westminster diocese it was decided by a unanimous vote to divide the diocese into two, by severing the Kootenay, Okanagan and Boundary portions, and naming them the diocese of Kootenay. The Rev. Baugh Allen was elected clerical secretary, and Mr. J. G. C. Wood lay secretary. The synod has passed canons providing for the creation and

## Easily Kept Clean

No scrubbing or scouring, just use soap and water.

## "CRESCENT"

Steel Agate Ware

will not scorch or crack and therefore offers no rough places for dirt to adhere.

Pure, serviceable and economical.



Each piece bears our guarantee label.

MADE BY

THE THOS. DAVIDSON MFG CO.  
Montreal, Que.

*Comparisons are odious.  
This fact is emphasized when  
you try to drink other teas  
after having once used Blue  
Ribbon Ceylon*

GRUA'S OPERA COMPANY.

Great Demand Made for Seats for the  
Week of Opera.

The Committee of the Diocesan Synod of New Westminster passed at its meeting on Wednesday on the proposal of the Rev. L. Norman Tucker, M.A., seconded by the Hon. T. Mayne Daly, Q.C., the following resolution concerning the war in South Africa:

"Resolved, that, while regretting the sad necessity of war, as members of this synod, we desire, at this crisis, to give expression to our unshakable devotion and loyalty to the cause of the Mother Land; our sincere satisfaction that our brethren in Canada have gone to the front to assist in protecting the rights and interests of our common Empire; our deepest sympathy with the families of those who have fallen in battle and with those who have been taken captive, and our earnest prayer that God, who is rich in mercy, will avert the evils of a long and bloody war, and that freedom and justice may soon be established on the broad and sunlit foundations, throughout the whole of South Africa."

"And that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Governor-General of Canada and the Secretary of State for the Colonies in the Imperial parliament."

The resolution was carried unanimously by a standing vote, the members joining also in singing the National Anthem.

**THE LOSS OF GOLD IS GREAT:**  
The loss of health is more." Health is lost by neglecting to keep the blood pure, but it is regained by purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood with the greatest possible regularity. Herbs and spiculæ, thousands who thought health lost, permanently lost have been made perfectly well by taking this great medicine. Your experience may be the same.

**HOOD'S PILLS** are gentle, yet always effective.

## Mining Returns

## Greenwood Smelter.

During the past month over \$4,500 was paid out by the British Columbia Clipper Company, Limited, in wages to men working on the smelter site. Judging from appearances they gave good value for the money. A long and solid retaining wall for blast furnaces, blow house and engine house has been built; the foundation for sample mill has been laid and the excavation for the upper ore bins has been started. The lumber is being hauled to the site for store house, boiler house, blow house and carpenter shops.

The work is not being rushed as Mr. Johnson has fixed a time for its completion. Early next spring he will have a 300-ton furnace ready and will build other furnaces as rapidly as the increase output of ore warrants.

A glance at the business done by a smelter will convince any one that directly and indirectly it will be the most important factor in making Greenwood a great business city. Its close relation with mining operations will centralize business here. To-day the construction of the smelter adds to the pay roll of the city nearly \$5,000 a month. The greater portion of this is spent in the city and consequently the volume of the business is increased to that extent. But, when the smelter is running full blast, the business it will create will be far, far greater. With a 300-ton furnace the pay roll will amount to between \$7,000 and \$8,000 a month. Between \$20,000 and \$25,000 will be paid to the railway for transportation. The ore treated will represent at least \$125,000 a month. Now all this money will be interchanged right in Greenwood through the Greenwood banks. Every business transaction directly benefits the city. As the country becomes developed, as the smelter is enlarged and brings the business of the miners in the surrounding camps in the city, the advantage to the smelter will be to the city. Boundary Creek Times.

## Grand Forks Notes.

F. M. Charlton, our buyer for the Hall Mines smelter, Nelson, B. C., is in Grand Forks with the object of making contracts with mine owners. He is greatly impressed with the Boundary country and will visit the various camps.

Clarence J. McNaig of Montreal, floated the companies that acquired the War Eagle, Payne and Republic mines, is in Grand Forks after visiting Revelstoke and the Boundary camps. He naturally feels elated at the magnitude and richness of the ore bodies recently opened up on the lower level of the Republic.

Mr. McCuaig visited the B. C. mine in Summit camp, with Major Leckie, manager of the Republic and the B. C. The latter was purchased a year ago by Mr. McCuaig, James Ross and other Montrealers, and has now 11,000 tons of copper ore on the dump. Shipments will be made to the smelter in January. The stock will not be offered to the public until the B. C. is a dividend-payer.

Major R. G. Edwards recently bonded the Yankee Boy and Yankee Girl, a group of properties situated on Hardy mountain, less than two miles from Grand Forks. He states that the return from a shipment of two carloads of ore to the Trail smelter was very satisfactory. The development work is being carried out on an extensive scale.

## CARTER'S

## LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

## CURE

Rich Headache and relieve all the frontiers incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Head, &c. While their mode of operation has not been shown in detail.

## SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing Pain in the Head, &c. While they relieve general disorders of the stomach, stimulate the heart and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured.

## HEAD

They would be almost precisely what you need from the time you are ill, but for a few days. The "good Lord do intend here, and we assure you they will find these little pills valuable many ways; but they will not be without them. But after all sick headache.

## ACHE

The home of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills will while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and easily swallowed. One or two tablets do the work. They are easily emulsified and do not taste of parbo, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In violent cramps; five for \$1. Send us a telegram everywhere, or send us mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO. New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

## CENTRAL HOTEL

(Formerly Brunswick Hotel)

C. Douglas and Yates Sts., Victoria.

JOHN MICHAEL, Prop.

Lighted by electricity. First-class service. Centrally located. European and American plan. Guests pass the door to all parts of the hotel, which is well furnished and heated throughout. Free wash.

This popular hotel contains 101 rooms, complete with every comfort and all modern conveniences. Board, \$4 per week. Rooms, \$1 per week and upwards.

## TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Development Co., Ltd.

H. MAITLAND-KERSEY, Manager.

BENNETT LAKE AND UPPER YUKON ROUTE

THROUGH WINTER SERVICE

TO

ATLIN,

DAWSON and

YUKON SETTLEMENTS.

Winter stations and hotels have been established and equipped by the Company along the new Government Winter Road, a saving of distance of 140 miles between Dawson City and Atlin.

A regular through weekly service will be maintained during the winter for carmen, mail messengers and express.

The equipment is the best conceivable and no effort will be spared to furnish a prompt and satisfactory service.

For full particulars apply at the General Offices, 32 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, or to

A. H. E. MCGOWAN, Gen. Agent, 26 Cambie Street, Victoria.

FRED. P. MEYER, Gen. Agent, 103 Vester Way, Seattle, Wash.

For rates and particulars apply to

G. P. N. CO., Ltd., Steamers

Will leave Turner, B.C. & Co. s wharf for

DYE, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL

Carrying Her Majesty's Mail.

as follows, viz:

"DANUBE" Nov. 15, 28.

"TEES" Nov. 22.

At 8 o'clock p.m.

And from Vancouver on following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of G. P. N. Co., Ltd., 32 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. The Company reserves the right of changing this time-table at any time without notification.

For rates and particulars apply to

R. W. GRIER, Agent, 26 Cambie Street, Victoria.

For full particulars apply to

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

For San Francisco.

The company's elegant

steamship Queen of the West and Utopia, carrying H. B. Mulls, leave VICTORIA, B.C. on p. m.

Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B.C. 10 a.m., Nov. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Dec. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, Jan. 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

For full particulars apply to Canadian Development Company, Agents, 32 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

For rates and particulars apply to

ALASKA ROUTE.

Steamship of this company will leave every Tuesday at 8 p.m. for Wrangell.

Arrive Wrangell, Alaska, 10 a.m.

For rates and particulars apply to

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Comox and Campbell Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time-table at any time without notification.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.

C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

For rates and particulars apply to

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Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15

# The Bings

## Murder

Search is Being Made for the Murderer in Seattle.

The Murderer Took a Broad Black Belt and the Victim's Rings.

Interest is revived in the atrocious murder of Mrs. Bings by the search that is now being made by the police in Seattle for a man who is thought to have been implicated in the horrible crime.

The Seattle Times of yesterday says: There is some reason to believe that the human fiend who murdered Mrs. Agnes Bings in Victoria on Sept. 29th last and afterwards mutilated her body after the manner of "Jack the Ripper," is in Seattle. At least that is the opinion of one of the officers of the provincial police of British Columbia who has been in Seattle on two or three occasions recently, stopping for lengths of time varying from three to a week.

On his last visit he stopped at the Butler hotel, where he registered under the name of Beauchamp. He does not pay the usual fraternal call to police headquarters, but always makes his presence known to British Consul Poly, though the latter refuses to talk about the matter. The province of British Columbia has offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer, to which the city of Victoria has added \$250, making a total of \$750 reward, which it is quite possible the Victoria detective does not wish to share with his Seattle brethren if his search should prove successful. All that could be learned about the matter is that shortly before the murder was committed a coal miner who was working in one of the mines near Nanaimo suddenly disappeared and was seen in Victoria about the time of the murder. He had been acting in an eccentric manner for some time, though nothing would have been thought of it if he had not left behind him in the company's care some \$1,100 accumulated pay that he has so far made no effort to claim, though he left without any notice nearly three months ago. What other evidence the Victoria police have beyond the fact that he is apparently slightly demented and was in Victoria at the time of the murder is not known, but they are making every effort to get hold of him and claim that he has been seen in Seattle several times during the last month.

At the time Mrs. Bings was murdered she was wearing a broad black belt, which her fleshly assassin took, together with her wedding ring and a narrow gold ring set with a dull red square cut stone setting, the stone set in the ring, which was of German make, and it is by either of these articles that the identity of the murderer can be satisfactorily established.

Pertinacity is the strong point of Canadian police officials, and though they have lost the reputation of being as bright as the detectives on this side of the line, they never fail to follow up the faintest clue that may lead to the detection of criminals and the cost is never counted if they are successful. While it may be that the coal miner is entirely innocent of the crime and may be able to prove himself so, he is the only likely person they have fixed on as the probable criminal, and until they are satisfied that he had nothing to do with it he will be tracked until found.

### QUEER LAUNDRIES.

Open-air washing is often resorted to out of England, and very picturesque are the scenes the prosaic occupation creates. Lows upon rows of women take up their places upon the banks of the lakes or rivers, or in some countries actually have floating laundries provided for them. In Sweden these washing-houses are powdered, and flat paddles made of wood are used with which to beat the clothes, a better implement than the stones employed in other countries to expel the dirt.

The hardest-worked washerwoman in the world are the Coreans. They have to wash about a dozen costumes a time for their husbands, and inasmuch as every man wears pantaloons so baggy that they come up to his neck like those of a clown, they have plenty to do. The washing is usually done in cold water, and often in running streams. The clothes are powdered with paddles until they shine like a shirt front fresh from an expensive English laundry.

The washing in Egypt is usually done by the men. The Egyptian washermen stand on the banks of the Nile and slap the wet clothes, with a noise like the shot of a pistol, on the smooth stones at the edge of the broad river, which makes as much wash pound the dirt out of their clothes in the same way.—London Daily Mail.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Harris Wilson, 16 years old, plunged head foremost over the rail of the gallery of the People's Theatre, Philadelphia, on Wednesday night, falling into the auditorium, 40 feet below, and crushing his skull. The youth was anxious to secure a front row seat. The physicians express hope of his recovery.

The German colonial council at a meeting today heartily approved of the Samoan agreement. Prince Von Weis declared that thanks were due firstly to the Emperor, and called for three cheers for his majesty. A telegram was dispatched to the Emperor expressing the council's gratification at the ending of the Samoan dispute "to the inexpressible glory of the Emperor and the honor of Germany."

A New York dispatch announces a rubber tire combine, and a reduction in the price of some makes of tire is promised.

It was rumored in the lobbies of the French chamber of deputies yesterday that the government will initiate a project for declaring amnesty in all cases connected with the Dreyfus affair.

**KNIFE NOT NECESSARY.**  
It is not acknowledged that this knife can be used without knife or dagger for our pleasure home treatment. We would like to tell you about it. Send us your address. STOTT & JURY, Box 9, Bowmansville, Out.

# MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

## Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1899.

List of Lands and Improvements within the Corporation of the City of Victoria to be sold for Taxes, Interest and Costs, on the 1st day of December, 1899, at the City Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., at 12 o'clock noon, in pursuance of "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1899," unless in the meantime the arrears of Taxes, Interest and Costs due in respect of each Lot on the Schedule hereunder written be paid.

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# Campaign in Philippines

United States Vessels Shell the Town of Langayan and Land Soldiers.

Insurgents Offered a Brief Resistance—Gen. Wheaton Marching Eastward.

(Associated Press.)  
Manila, Nov. 10.—General Wheaton's forces shelled the town of Langayan Monday night, but the surf was too high to permit of the landing of troops in that place.

On Tuesday morning the expedition approached Langayan, a suburb of Dagupan, which has a sheltered harbor with high sand dunes stretching from the water to the town. The Bennington, Helena, Manila, Calion and Samar shelled the town and beach for an hour with the full strength of their batteries, but there was no response, nor was there any sign of life.

The troops were landed in boats, five steam launches each towing four boats. When these approached the shore and the troops began to land, a long line of insurgents rose from the sand and poured a heavy volley over the heads of the soldiers, following this with a rapid fusade. The insurgents were excited and fired high, few of their bullets striking the boats. Two men, however, were wounded.

The companies were formed and ordered to lie down in the sand. They gave the insurgents a few volleys and then charged, driving the enemy with a rush.

The gunboat Manila brought news that when she left General Wheaton, with his entire force of 2,700 men, was marching eastward, leaving Dagupan. The battleship Oregon, which had been ordered from Hongkong to Dagupan, had not arrived at the latter place when the Manila sailed.

The insurgents held a celebration at Tarlac October 22nd in honor of the anti-imperialists. The demonstration included a procession, a religious service and speeches by Aguinaldo and other officials.

## "THE OPEN DOOR" IN CHINA.

America Wants Written Assurances From the Powers Respecting Preservation of Her Commercial Rights.

(Associated Press.)  
New York, Nov. 10.—Great Britain, the Washington correspondent of the Herald avers, as well as Russia, Germany and France, has been requested to give written assurances respecting the preservation of American commercial rights in her spheres of influence in China.

Germany is endeavoring to improve her relations with Great Britain and the United States, and the effect of such a policy on the part of Emperor William is said here to prevent interference in the Transvaal war.

"I am enabled to make these statements on the authority of officials of the government and diplomats with whom I talked to-day," says the correspondent. "It had been suggested that Great Britain, stanch advocate as she was of 'open door' policy, was too firmly wedded to that policy to be required to put in writing her promise that American rights in zones of influence she has acquired in the far east would be preserved, but Secretary Hay apparently thought differently, and strange as it may seem, Great Britain is really the only power which is hesitating to grant the request of this power. It is no secret that American enterprise has greatly affected British trade in the east, principally in such products as iron, cotton and oil, and Great Britain is unwilling to blight her future action by any specific written statement at this time."

"It has been apparent to officials for some time that the British government was not so strongly pressing the 'open door' policy, and was endeavoring to secure commercial advantages for her subjects. No doubt is expressed that the inroads into British trade caused by American merchants have been one of the causes of the change in her attitude.

"Up to this time none of the powers required to give written assurances complied. A dispatch has been received from Ambassador White, at Berlin, announcing that he had presented the inscriptions from Secretary Hay, and that it was favorably received. This is conclusive to the official mind that Germany will give the written assurance desired.

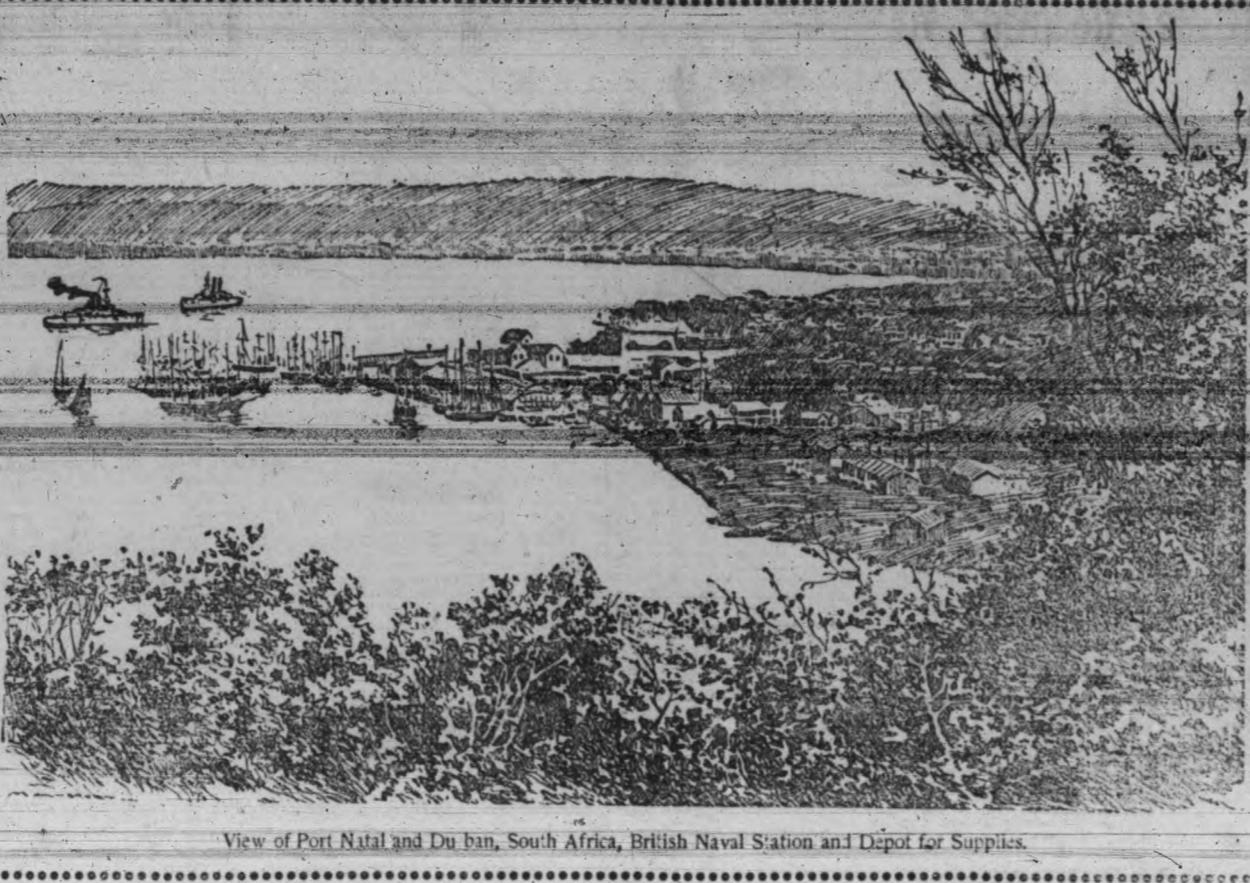
"Russia, the traditional friend of the United States, will be only too glad, the officials believe, to grant the American request to have American enterprises continue to penetrate Manchuria under the same conditions as in the past.

"The attitude of France is a matter of uncertainty, but it is believed, observing the policy of Russia, she will make compliance with Secretary Hay's wish, though she may be as explicit as the authorities desire."

**RAILWAY RATE WAR.**  
(Associated Press.)  
Seattle, Nov. 10.—An introduction to the local rate war between the three transcontinental lines, first and second-class tickets to Chicago and Atlanta east points dropped 86 yesterday. The trouble began through the alleged rate cutting by the Great Northern.

**MONTRÉAL MINING MARKET.**  
(Associated Press.)  
Montreal, Nov. 10.—Stock exchange, morning board: War Eagle, x.d., 263, 261; Payne, 100, 105; Montreal, 100, 116, 114; Sales: War Eagle, 500 at 270, 500 at 260, 300 at 262; Payne, 500, 400 at 254, 2,500 at 262; Montreal, 2,000 at 112, 500, 1,700; 500 at 111; Montreal and London, 2,000 at 43; Republic, 500 at 116, 5,000 at 115.

Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.



View of Port Natal and Durban, South Africa, British Naval Station and Depot for Supplies.

### RAILWAY WRECK.

Engine and Four Cars Smashed—Twenty-One Persons Injured.

(Associated Press.)

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 10.—The Michigan Central train No. 301, the Cincinnati Hamilton and Dayton limited, north bound, was wrecked near Vienna, Mich., about 12 miles from Toledo, last night. Four cars and the engine were smashed and twenty-one persons injured, none of whom it is thought fatally.

KRUGER'S NEPHEW MARRIED.

(Associated Press.)

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 10.—Geo. A. Kruger of Chicago, nephew of President Kruger, of the Transvaal, and Miss Bertha Buck, of Chicago, were married at Sandwick, Ont., yesterday. The bride's age was said to be 27, and the groom's as 21. That he should travel several hundred miles to be married on British soil at a time when Great Britain is endeavoring to put "Uncle Paul" out of business, young Kruger explained by saying he was anxious to avoid the publicity that would be given to his marriage by the Chicago papers, which would get their tip from the publication of the license.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, Nov. 10.—Over four thousand citizens, among them a large number of students carrying small Union Jacks, attended a patriotic meeting in Mississauga hall last evening. The speakers were Dr. Parkin, Hon. C. Fitzpatrick, Col. Denison and Sandford Evans.

Halifax, Nov. 10.—Hon. G. H. Murray, premier of Nova Scotia, addressing the W. C. T. U. convention last night, said no political party could live in that province if it did not heed the temperance sentiment.

The business session opened this morning. Greetings were received from Lady Henry Somerset and Agnes Slack, president and secretary of the World's Union. A memorial service was held for the late Francis Willard, in which Rev. Dr. Black, formerly of Montreal, in whose pulpit the deceased first addressed a Canadian audience, took part.

Quebec, Nov. 10.—The Chronicle, Conservative, appeals to the federal government to come to the relief of Fox Bay (Anticosti) settlers, who are to be ejected from the island by Menier, the chocolate king.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—Lord Aberdeen has presented the government with an oil painting of himself. It will be installed alongside the other distinguished British statesmen.

Kingston, Nov. 10.—A scarcity of fowl is predicted in this district in the next two months. Agents are going through the country buying up turkeys at good prices.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 10.—Mr. Joseph Martin, ex-attorney-general of British Columbia, is spoken of as a candidate in Saskatchewan for the next Dominion general elections.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—The marriage of Rev. Dr. Moore, the well-known Presbyterian pastor of Bank street church, and Mrs. Elizabeth McFarlane, widow of the late Dr. McFarlane, Almonte, took place last night.

Roserville, Nov. 10.—Two Grand Trunk light engines collided at Marysville, a few miles east of here, yesterday afternoon. Engineers Snell and Adamson were slightly injured.

Renfrew, Nov. 10.—Adam Bison, bus driver, was killed this morning by a falling brick from Wright & Co.'s block, which was destroyed by fire.

Toronto, Nov. 10.—The grand jury at the criminal assizes here recommend that the city be divided into districts, and that the cost of the suppression of vice be attributable to the liquor traffic be done by license holders in the district.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—A canoes of local French Literacy was held last night. Premier Laurier was in attendance.

**FORGERY DISCOVERED.**

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, Nov. 10.—A clever forgery has been discovered here in time to save some Toronto business men from paying over considerable money to an American sharper who endeavored to negotiate

stock, claiming as his principals a group of Standard Oil men, and at the same time deposited a draft for \$12,500, which upon investigation proved worthless. Since the forgery was discovered the sharper has not been seen.

### ALIEN LABOR LAW.

Slocan Miners Petition the Dominion Government for its Enforcement.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—The Dominion government has asked the Slocan miners, who are petitioning for the enforcement of the Alien Labor Law, as to all facts in the case. The government will also make independent inquiries, as conflicting reports are being received as to the position of affairs in this district. The position is now before the justice department.

### TERRIFIC WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 10.—The British steamer Asyrian, Captain Trant, which arrived at Antwerp on November 6th from Montreal, reports having experienced terrible weather on the passage. She had her cabin flooded and lost part of her cargo.

The barque Avola, Capt. Martin, of Windsor, N.S., from Newport for Paris, stranded in Garmarthen Bay, and has broken up. The beach is strewn with her cargo and wreckage. The fate of the crew was not mentioned in the dispatch.

### WIFE MURDERER EXECUTED.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Albert August Becker, the German butcher who murdered his wife, chopped her head and buried her remains, was hanged at 12:05 o'clock to-day. On the scaffold Becker professed innocence, declaring George Sutler, father of his second wife, was the real murderer.

### CONCERT AT NANAIMO.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, Nov. 10.—The opera house was crowded to the doors last evening, the occasion being the concert given by the Orpheus' Home at Victoria. The musical and literary programme was an excellent one and thoroughly appreciated by the large audience. The concert ended over \$100 for the home.

### CHECKING THE CHINESE.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Nov. 10.—The habeas corpus matter of three Chinese held in custody has been decided in the C. P. R. authorities and Captain Evans of the Empress of Japan, was continued this morning before Justice Irving.

### THE COMPANION FOR THE REST OF 1899.

(Special to the Times.)

During the remaining weeks of 1899 The Youth's Companion will maintain its fresh and varied interest for young and old by presenting articles from the pens of eminent men and women and stories by the most gifted writers of fiction.

Among these contributors will be Frank R. Stockton, who presents a droll story, "The Wolf and the Wheelbarrow"; James Bryce, author of "The American Commonwealth," who offers "Hints on Reading"; W. D. Howells and Jane Barlow, each of whom contributes a serial story; Bret Harte, who recalls an early California experience in "How I Went to the Mines"; Mary E. Wilkins, who tells of "Sereny Maria at School"; and Henry M. Stanley, who under the title, "For Life and Liberty," relates a thrilling adventure of his travels in Darkest Africa.

The November and December numbers containing these features are given to every new subscriber for the 1899 volume free from the time of subscription is received, in addition to the Companion's exquisite calendar for 1900—the last calendar of the century and the most beautiful one ever given to Companion subscribers.

Illustrated Announcement Number containing a full prospectus of the volume for 1900, will be sent free to any address.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION.

203 Columbus Avenue, Boston, Mass.

### ANOTHER MYSTERY.

The Body of James Hill, of the Schooner Hattie, Found Floating in the Harbor.

(Special to the Times.)

When the tug Hope was passing Spratt's wharf at 1 o'clock this afternoon, bringing in a boom of logs, those on her saw a body floating in the water. They hailed the tug Daisy then lying at Spratt's wharf, and notified those aboard. A. Anderson, mate of the Daisy, and Thos. Howard, who was near the wharf in a rowboat, went out, picked up the body, and passing a line under the arms, towed it in to the basin between the rice mill and Spratt's wharves. The body, which presented a terrible sight, being discolored and bloated by immersion in water, was identified by some seafarers who came from the schooners now preparing for their spring cruise in the upper harbor, as that of James Hill, the sealer who was lost from the Hattie soon after her arrival from Bering Sea.

The body was dressed in a black suit and wearing a white Japanese cap-sleeve shirt. The boots were drawn up to elastic sides. The hands were drawn up and emaciated by the water, and the body was otherwise disfigured.

A confusion was noticed above the left eye, and according to those who picked up the floating corpse, there was a gash on the head, but from this it does not necessarily follow that the drowned sealer was the victim of foul play, as was reasoned by some of those in the crowd which lined the wharf when the body was brought ashore. They may have been caused by the floating drift stuff of the harbor or by the body colliding with the rocks or piers.

The barque Avola, Capt. Martin, of Windsor, N.S., from Newport for Paris, stranded in Garmarthen Bay, and has broken up. The beach is strewn with her cargo and wreckage. The fate of the crew was not mentioned in the dispatch.

### DOES THIS CAP FIT YOU?

(From Victoria Colonist, Nov. 8.)

Sometimes you will hear a business man say that he will not advertise in such and such paper because he does not like its politics. Now a man has a right to prefer his politics to his business, if he wants to, but if he does so, he must not complain if the latter suffers. A city is largely judged by its commercial advertising. If the business houses show that they are awake to the demands of trade by printing abundant and attractive advertisements in their city papers, they will do more to build up the business of their city and therefore enhance their own prosperity than they can do in any other way. Compare a Victoria paper with a Seattle paper in regard to advertising and the difference will strike you at once. Suppose you were a stranger to both places and you were to pick up the Post-Intelligencer and the Seattle Times, and also the Colonist and the Victoria Times, for the purpose of determining where you would go to buy goods. Would you not find yourself influenced in favor of the Sound city? Compare the ability of Seattle to handle the Northern trade with the ability of Victoria to handle the same trade and see if you think the showing of commercial advertising which the Victoria papers make is in keeping with the relative strength of the two cities in that particular.

### ELECTRICAL COPPER-REFINING.

A large amount of the copper now produced is refined electrically, say Electricity, of New York, and is known as electrolytic copper. Some of the works in the United States turning out this product, especially where water is obtainable, are very large. One of them at Great Falls, Montana, has nine dynamos of a total of about 2,500 h.p., to generate current, all driven by the Missouri, which here rushes through a deep gorge. The copper ore is ground up and cast into pigs, and the pigs are then hung in large tanks filled with a solution consisting chiefly of copper sulphate. A heavy electric current at low pressure is passed through the series of tanks, decomposing the copper pigs, and the metal is electrolytically transferred by the solution to these sheets of copper hanging in each tank, so that practically the sheets are copper-plated. The metal is very pure, as a result of this process, and the impurities and other metals fall to the bottom of the tanks as a slime.

He is armed without that is innocent within; be this thy screen and this wall of brass—Horace.

### LIGHT FROM CAR AXLES.

A new system of car lighting shows an enormous advance on all previous methods.

It embodies the old idea of generating electric current by the revolution of the car axle, but with an effectiveness never before attained. Where, as in early systems, the current for lighting has been generated by a dynamo in the baggage car, run by power from the locomotive, the car would lose its light as soon as it was detached from the train; but now every car carries its own light-creating plant, being fitted with a dynamo and a storage battery. When the train is standing still, the car is lighted from the storage battery, as the train attains a speed of twelve miles an hour, the dynamo is automatically connected with the mechanism which transmits the power of the revolving axle to the dynamo, and the light is pretty sure in time to be troubled with kidney disorders.

The constant jolting which the car undergoes in the course of travel, however, is liable to set the dynamo in motion, and the ordinary expense of maintenance is saved, as no electrician is needed, the dynamo and storage battery are built into the car, and the car is not liable to be damaged by the dynamo.

Engineering and training men generally care for the car, and many of them now carry

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